CERTIFICATION OF ENROLLMENT

SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 2771

Chapter 28, Laws of 1994

53rd Legislature 1994 Regular Session

SETTING FIRES FOR FIRE FIGHTER TRAINING--CONDITIONS

EFFECTIVE DATE: 6/9/94

Passed by the House February 11, 1994 Yeas 97 Nays 0

BRIAN EBERSOLE

Speaker of the House of Representatives

Passed by the Senate March 1, 1994 Yeas 49 Nays 0

CERTIFICATE

I, Marilyn Showalter, Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives of the State of Washington, do hereby certify that the attached is **SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 2771** as passed by the House of Representatives and the Senate on the dates hereon set forth.

JOEL PRITCHARD

President of the Senate

MARILYN SHOWALTER

Chief Clerk

Approved March 21, 1994

FILED

March 21, 1994 - 11:30 a.m.

MIKE LOWRY

Governor of the State of Washington

Secretary of State State of Washington

SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 2771

Passed Legislature - 1994 Regular Session

State of Washington 53rd Legislature 1994 Regular Session

By House Committee on Local Government (originally sponsored by Representatives Chappell, Brumsickle, Chandler, Sehlin, Hansen, L. Thomas, McMorris, Fuhrman, Dyer, Schoesler, Sheahan, Holm and Basich) Read first time 02/04/94.

- 1 AN ACT Relating to fire protection district authorities; amending
- 2 RCW 70.94.650; and adding a new section to chapter 52.12 RCW.
- 3 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 4 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 1.** A new section is added to chapter 52.12 RCW 5 to read as follows:
- 6 Without obtaining a permit issued under RCW 70.94.650, fire
- 7 protection district fire fighters may set fire to structures located
- 8 outside of urban growth areas in counties that plan under the
- 9 requirements of RCW 36.70A.040, and outside of any city with a
- 10 population of ten thousand or more in all other counties, for
- 11 instruction in methods of fire fighting, if all of the following
- 12 conditions are met:
- 13 (1) The fire conforms with any other permits, licenses, or
- 14 approvals that are required;
- 15 (2) The fire is not located in an area that is declared to be in an
- 16 air pollution episode or any stage of an impaired air quality as
- 17 defined in RCW 70.94.715 and 70.94.473;
- 18 (3) Nuisance laws are applicable to the fire, including nuisances
- 19 related to the unreasonable interference with the enjoyment of life and

- 1 property and the depositing of particulate matter or ash on other 2 property;
- 3 (4) Notice of the fire is provided to the owners of property 4 adjoining the property on which the fire will occur, to other persons 5 who potentially will be impacted by the fire, and to additional persons 6 in a broader manner as specifically requested by the local air 7 pollution control agency or the department of ecology;
- 8 (5) Each structure that is proposed to be set on fire must be 9 identified specifically as a structure to be set on fire. Each other 10 structure on the same parcel of property that is not proposed to be set 11 on fire must be identified specifically as a structure not to be set on 12 fire; and
- (6) Before setting a structure on fire, a good-faith inspection is conducted to determine if materials containing asbestos are present, the inspection is documented in writing and forwarded to the appropriate local air authority or the department of ecology if there is no local air authority, and asbestos that is found is removed as required by state and federal laws.
- 19 **Sec. 2.** RCW 70.94.650 and 1993 c 353 s 1 are each amended to read 20 as follows:
 - (1) Any person who proposes to set fires in the course of
- 22 (a) weed abatement,

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- 23 (b) instruction in methods of fire fighting, except training to 24 fight structural fires as provided in section 1 of this act and except 25 forest fire training, or
- (c) agricultural activities shall obtain a permit from an air 26 pollution control authority, the department of ecology, or a local 27 entity delegated permitting authority under RCW 70.94.654. General 28 29 permit criteria of state-wide applicability shall be established by the department, by rule, after consultation with the various air pollution 30 control authorities. Permits shall be issued under this section based 31 on seasonal operations or by individual operations, or both. 32 permits shall be conditioned to insure that the public interest in air, 33 34 water, and land pollution and safety to life and property is fully considered. In addition to any other requirements established by the 35 36 department to protect air quality pursuant to other laws, applicants for permits must show that the setting of fires as requested is the 37 most reasonable procedure to follow in safeguarding life or property 38

under all circumstances or is otherwise reasonably necessary to 1 2 successfully carry out the enterprise in which the applicant is engaged, or both. All burning permits will be designed to minimize air 3 4 pollution insofar as practical. Nothing in this section shall relieve the applicant from obtaining permits, licenses, or other approvals 5 required by any other law. An application for a permit to set fires in 6 7 the course of agricultural burning for controlling diseases, insects, 8 weed abatement or development of physiological conditions conducive to 9 increased crop yield, shall be acted upon within seven days from the 10 date such application is filed. The department of ecology and local air authorities shall provide convenient methods for issuance and 11 oversight of agricultural burning permits. The department and local 12 13 air authorities shall, through agreement, work with counties and cities to provide convenient methods for granting permission for agricultural 14 15 burning, including telephone, facsimile transmission, issuance from 16 local city or county offices, or other methods.

(2) Permit fees shall be assessed for burning under this section and shall be collected by the department of ecology, the appropriate local air authority, or a local entity delegated permitting authority pursuant to RCW 70.94.654 at the time the permit is issued. All fees collected shall be deposited in the air pollution control account created in RCW 70.94.015, except for that portion of the fee necessary to cover local costs of administering a permit issued under this section. Fees shall be set by rule by the permitting agency at the level determined by the task force created by subsection (4) of this section, but shall not exceed two dollars and fifty cents per acre to be burned. After fees are established by rule, any increases in such fees shall be limited to annual inflation adjustments as determined by the state office of the economic and revenue forecast council.

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- 30 (3) Conservation districts and the Washington State University 31 agricultural extension program in conjunction with the department shall 32 develop public education material for the agricultural community 33 identifying the health and environmental effects of agricultural 34 outdoor burning and providing technical assistance in alternatives to 35 agricultural outdoor burning.
- 36 (4) An agricultural burning practices and research task force shall 37 be established under the direction of the department. The task force 38 shall be composed of a representative from the department who shall 39 serve as chair; one representative of eastern Washington local air

authorities; three representatives of the agricultural community from 1 2 different agricultural pursuits; one representative of the department of agriculture; two representatives from universities or colleges 3 4 knowledgeable in agricultural issues; one representative of the public 5 health or medical community; and one representative of the conservation districts. The task force shall identify best management practices for 6 7 reducing air contaminant emissions from agricultural activities and 8 provide such information to the department and local air authorities. 9 The task force shall determine the level of fees to be assessed by the 10 permitting agency pursuant to subsection (2) of this section, based upon the level necessary to cover the costs of administering and 11 enforcing the permit programs, to provide funds for research into 12 13 alternative methods to reduce emissions from such burning, and to the extent possible be consistent with fees charged for such burning 14 15 permits in neighboring states. The fee level shall provide, to the extent possible, for lesser fees for permittees who use best management 16 practices to minimize air contaminant emissions. The task force shall 17 identify research needs related to minimizing 18 emissions 19 agricultural burning and alternatives to such burning. Further, the 20 task force shall make recommendations to the department on priorities for spending funds provided through this chapter for research into 21 22 alternative methods to reduce emissions from agricultural burning.

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